

Forum:[Hack Forums](#)

Thread: [Password Protected Webpage.](#)

Police 10-13 - *October 22, 2012, 3:26 am*

I don't think this tutorial has been posted before, It may have been but I did search and couldn't find it.

This tutorial will show you Beginners how to Password Protect you webpage and only be able to access it with the chosen password.(explained further down)

So first, you must have a website or use xampp server.

Secondly, open up your desired text editor, I suggest using Notepad++ or Adobe Dreamweaver.

I must say, the code WON'T be available for Copy&Paste. You must write the code yourself. (Code is supplied).

So... Lets get started;

Firstly, open up the PHP tags like this

PHP Code

```
<?php
```

```
?>
```

Second; You need to add the function/variable In between the two quotation marks, insert your password.

WARNING: Potential SPAM or INFECTED LINK image ([Click to View](#))

Ok now we are going to add some html blended in with php, (to make the page look nice) for that we are going to write this code;

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Done?... Okay, as you can see the php code in that image ends after the last squiggly bracket({)

Underneath that closing PHP tag, is where you HTML content goes(What you want to show yourself/others if they have the password). So it would look like this;

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Okay, so now you need to finish off the PHP using the tags underneath the last part of your code

add this to it,

```
PHP Code
<?php
}
else
{
```

Now we can continue to finish off the Password Protected Webpage.
Follow on,

Now we need to create the part of the page that show's an error message if the password is typed incorrectly.

This is all blended in with html & php. please type it correctly, or else your code may not work.

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Once you have done that, you are now ready to upload to your live server or xampp server, your choice..

Your entire code should look something like this(You can edit, change things if you wish)
WARNING: Potential SPAM or INFECTED LINK image [\(Click to View\)](#)

After you have uploaded, navigate to the website & page name.
It should look something similar to this;(NOTICE: I Created a css layout for mine.)

Completed Webpage [\(Click to View\)](#)

If you got it working correctly, please post here to clarify.

Thank you for reading this tutorial, & I hope you learned something. :)

Muhammad Ali - October 22, 2012, 3:46 am

Wait, i don't get it really.

If the person types in a password that you declared in a variable, it will show the HTML code you provided underneath?

But how can you put a curly { bracket, and right after close the php code while you haven't added anything after the "{"?

Because the first curly bracket you put, won't work after the second php code that starts with <?php ?>.

Police 10-13 - October 22, 2012, 3:59 am

(Oct 22, 2012 03:46 AM)espadian Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Wait, i don't get it really.

If the person types in a password that you declared in a variable, it will show the HTML code you

provided underneath?

But how can you put a curly { bracket, and right after close the php code while you haven't added anything after the "{"?

Because the first curly bracket you put, won't work after the second php code that starts with <?php ?>.

I may have worded it wrong, but if you type in the correct password, the html code underneath the code will be displayed.

ManDoR - October 22, 2012, 4:34 am

Actually, doing a simple htaccess will do the work :p

Anyway, I believe it's nice for new php programmers.

Police 10-13 - October 22, 2012, 4:40 am

(Oct 22, 2012 04:34 AM)ManDoR Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Actually, doing a simple htaccess will do the work :p

Anyway, I believe it's nice for new php programmers.

I've never done it that way ;)

Off Topic:

why does it say; WARNING: Potential SPAM or INFECTED LINK image ? ?

Kabyle - October 22, 2012, 4:43 am

(Oct 22, 2012 04:34 AM)ManDoR Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Actually, doing a simple htaccess will do the work :p

Anyway, I believe it's nice for new php programmers.

New PHP programmers? So .htaccess isn't for begginers ? Are you kidding?

Anyway, off topic, .htaccess is using Apache not PHP.

Mr Liam - October 22, 2012, 7:20 am

A possible XSS vuln right here..

Just saying.

japon - October 22, 2012, 7:55 am

Saving hardcoded passwords into files.. Hackforums quality at its height, I see.

Linux. - October 22, 2012, 8:14 am

Why not do MySQL login? Then if they are logged in as Admin give them certain rights?

?rthur - October 22, 2012, 9:26 am

This is a nice tutorial and will indeed work, it's nice for beginners.

There is just 1 thing.

If you code something in the password checker and it reloads then it doesn't give you the right password, unless you keep sending it with every request.

So I would recommend using sessions which store the password.

ManDoR - October 22, 2012, 9:41 am

(Oct 22, 2012 04:43 AM)Kabyle Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) New PHP programmers? So .htaccess isn't for begginers ? Are you kidding?

Anyway, off topic, .htaccess is using Apache not PHP.
When you are learning php, htaccess is obviously not the first thing you will learn.

alphabot - October 22, 2012, 10:19 am

(Oct 22, 2012 07:20 AM)Liam Allan Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) A possible XSS vuln right here..

Just saying.

I really don't see how this has any XSS vulnerabilities as he never outputs anything that the user put in.

Eight - October 22, 2012, 10:35 am

Is this working ? Looks like you're missing a curly brace at the end, you type the if's but not the else's. Anyway, I would've just used elseif instead. Also, if what you're checking for is the correctness of the password, maybe you should compare it against \$password ?

Eg :

PHP Code

```
<?php
if(isset($_POST['password']) && $_POST['password'] == $password)
{
    /* Password is submitted and is correct */
}
elseif(isset($_POST['password']) && $_POST['password'] != $password)
{
    /* Password is submitted but isn't correct */
}
else
{
    /* Password isn't submitted */
}
```

Das Swag - October 23, 2012, 8:21 am

(Oct 22, 2012 07:20 AM)Liam Allan Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) A possible XSS vuln right here..

Just saying.

Can easily fix it by filtering out html special characters

alphabot - October 23, 2012, 12:18 pm

(Oct 23, 2012 08:21 AM)Das Swag Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Can easily fix it by filtering out html special characters

I'm still not seeing how the script has a XSS vulnerability...

Das Swag - October 23, 2012, 1:37 pm

(Oct 23, 2012 12:18 PM)alphabot Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) I'm still not seeing how the script has a XSS vulnerability...

I didn't look through it I was just saying it would be easy to fix

Kabyle - October 23, 2012, 11:27 pm

(Oct 22, 2012 09:41 AM)ManDoR Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) When you are learning php, htaccess is obviously not the first thing you will learn.

Lol for sure, you learn it while learning HTML...

.htaccess protection is called basic authentication, and it's not the same as POST/GET forms at all. Peoples keep thinking that PHP is the only language that make dynamic pages.

You can do an entire dynamic website using apache and javascript for example Node.js ;) There is no dependency between php and apache .htaccess.

ManDoR - October 24, 2012, 3:06 am

(Oct 23, 2012 11:27 PM)Kabyle Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Lol for sure, you learn it while learning HTML... .htaccess protection is called basic authentication, and it's not the same as POST/GET forms at all. Peoples keep thinking that PHP is the only language that make dynamic pages.

You can do an entire dynamic website using apache and javascript for example Node.js ;) There is no dependency between php and apache .htaccess.

Did I ever said that htaccess was part of php ? I said that, when you are learning web coding, htaccess comes with php, as it is more complex to understand compared to HTML. When a new web developer wants to protect a page, he will enter "password protected page" on google, and what he'll first find is php scripts, and then htaccess. This is the reason why I said that htaccess is generally learnt after php.

alphabot - October 24, 2012, 12:57 pm

(Oct 24, 2012 03:06 AM)ManDoR Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) htaccess comes with php

Not true at all, .htaccess comes with Apache, not PHP. They are separate, yet usually work together.

ManDoR - October 24, 2012, 1:27 pm

(Oct 24, 2012 12:57 PM)alphabot Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Not true at all, .htaccess comes with Apache, not PHP. They are separate, yet usually work together.

If you do not put the beginning of the sentence, you're right. But actually it was "when you are learning php...". here, ".htaccess comes with PHP" means that when you are learning web coding, you are learning .htaccess at the same time as learning PHP.

I never, never said that htaccess was part of PHP. Sorry if I misspelled something.