

Forum:[Hack Forums](#)

Thread: [How does one change his local ip to static?](#)

rata487 - March 6, 2014, 9:47 am

How does one change his local ip to static?

I have been looking at several video's about this and i don't get 1 of them, pretty frustrating.

I just want to port forward something and make sure i don't have to come back and change the local ip, that's pretty annoying.

?pth?n - March 6, 2014, 9:49 am

You can change this in your router settings.

Try accesing them with 192.168.2.1

I don't really get what you're trying to do, but in case you're port forwarding because you wanna RAT:

Check out a DNS redirect service like no-IP.

tux1 - March 6, 2014, 9:51 am

Ultimately your ip is determined by your ISP, if you want a static ip then you need our ISP to do it.

However, if you want a static address then you can use a service like no-ip which will give you a static hostname to connect to.

rata487 - March 6, 2014, 9:51 am

(Mar 6, 2014 10:49 AM)?pth?n Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) You can change this in your router settings.

Try accesing them with 192.168.2.1

I don't really get what you're trying to do, but in case you're port forwarding because you wanna RAT:

Check out a DNS redirect service like no-IP.

I try'd to change it in my router settings, although there is no trace of it. :s

(I'm using a isp that is not well-known at all, i live in a pretty darn small country.)

(Mar 6, 2014 10:51 AM)tux1 Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Ultimately your ip is determined by your ISP, if you want a static ip then you need our ISP to do it.

However, if you want a static address then you can use a service like no-ip which will give you a static hostname to connect to.

I don't think you get what i'm trying to say, i mean LOCAL IP, not ip. hehe (AKA IP4 adress in cmd, type ipconfig then look at IP4 adress)

eCos - March 6, 2014, 11:31 am

Do you want a new IP address to "KEEP"

or do you want to keep changing IP addresses on your computers IPV4 ?

Try RUN>CMD>ipconfig /all

Then...ipconfig /release

Then...ipconfig /renew

at this point i'm not particularly 100% what it is you want to achieve hence the reason i posted the

above

hope It Helps

EDIT: also Flush your DNS just for sake

kazzZZY - March 6, 2014, 11:33 am

Try RUN>CMD>ipconfig /all

Then...ipconfig /release

Then...ipconfig /renew

Anxuein - March 6, 2014, 11:34 am

Depends on your ISP. My ISP does not allow me to have a static IP.

eCos - March 6, 2014, 11:40 am

Also have a look through these commands

some may be of help to you and other members

Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]

Copyright © 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

USAGE:

```
ipconfig [/allcompartments] [/? | /all |  
        /renew [adapter] | /release [adapter] |  
        /renew6 [adapter] | /release6 [adapter] |  
        /flushdns | /displaydns | /registerdns |  
        /showclassid adapter |  
        /setclassid adapter [classid] |  
        /showclassid6 adapter |  
        /setclassid6 adapter [classid] ]
```

where

adapter Connection name
 (wildcard characters and ? allowed, see examples)

Options:

```
/?            Display this help message  
/all          Display full configuration information.  
/release      Release the IPv4 address for the specified adapter.  
/release6     Release the IPv6 address for the specified adapter.  
/renew        Renew the IPv4 address for the specified adapter.  
/renew6       Renew the IPv6 address for the specified adapter.  
/flushdns     Purges the DNS Resolver cache.  
/registerdns   Refreshes all DHCP leases and re-registers DNS names  
/displaydns   Display the contents of the DNS Resolver Cache.  
/showclassid   Displays all the dhcp class IDs allowed for adapter.  
/setclassid    Modifies the dhcp class id.  
/showclassid6 Displays all the IPv6 DHCP class IDs allowed for adapter  
.  
/setclassid6   Modifies the IPv6 DHCP class id.
```

The default is to display only the IP address, subnet mask and default gateway for each adapter bound to TCP/IP.

For Release and Renew, if no adapter name is specified, then the IP address leases for all adapters bound to TCP/IP will be released or renewed.

For Setclassid and Setclassid6, if no ClassId is specified, then the ClassId is removed.

Examples:

```
> ipconfig          ... Show information
> ipconfig /all      ... Show detailed information
> ipconfig /renew     ... renew all adapters
> ipconfig /renew EL  ... renew any connection that has its
    name starting with EL
> ipconfig /release Con ... release all matching connections,
    eg. "Local Area Connection 1" or
    "Local Area Connection 2"
> ipconfig /allcompartments ... Show information about all
    compartments
> ipconfig /allcompartments /all ... Show detailed information about all
    compartments
```

C:\Users\H4CK3R>

Some ISP's dont allow this either as mentioned above.

But you could go into your admin console and go into Basic Settings

There you can change from Dynamic IP to Static IP and enter your credentials into the boxes provide

Network Configuration:

WAN IP Address 8x.xx.xx.x6

Duration D: 05 H: 16 M: 56 S: 55

Expires Tue Mar 11 17:32:00 2014

WAN Subnet Mask 255.255.252.0

WAN Default Gateway 8x.xx.x6.x

WAN Primary DNS 194.xxx.X.100

WAN Secondary DNS 194.xxx.X.100

WAN Third DNS 0.0.0.0

Cable Network Settings:

Domain Name "you choose"

Device Name "you choose"

WAN Connection Type "Static IP"

Static IP Address

. . .

Static IP Mask

. . .

Default Gateway

. . .

Primary DNS

. . .

Secondary DNS

. . .
Third DNS

. . .

After you enter all your details click Save and Apply

i'm just tossing sugestions out to you here mate just to get your mind thinking lol ;)

Good Luck

rata487 - March 6, 2014, 2:20 pm

Please, listen. i did not ever say anything about ip's i said LOCAL IP :P

Those are two diffrent things and thanks for your comments although nobody really understands what i'm trying to achieve here :s!