

Forum:[Hack Forums](#)

Thread: [\[Tutorial\] How to make an IP-logger | To get other's IP \[Detailed\]](#)

Niely - July 4, 2014, 11:20 am

Hello

There were pretty lot of people who wanted to track the IP of other persons.

I thought it won't be a bad idea to make a small tutorial about IP-logging.

However, if you haven't read this one before: <https://hackforums.net/showthread.php?tid=4178212>

I recommend that one first. :)

It's a pretty complex tutorial if you don't know programming, however, I'll try to explain everything well! :)

[img]http://i.minus.com/iWXBEjOGqbhcS.png[/img]

An IP-address (Internet Protocol) is a specific, unique number given to each computer, this is used to communicate with other computer devices.

There are right now, two different kind of IP-addresses, the ipv4 (32-bit system) and ipv6 (128-bit system).

The first one was the ipv4 system, but because we were running out of IP-addresses, we needed a new system and then, the ipv6 was born.

Examples:

Ipv4 - 173.194.112.0

Ipv6 - 2a00:1450:4001:c02::8a:

But some people abuse this system to do harm to other people.

[img]http://i.minus.com/i9CFyJlxFHpUa.png[/img]

Well, to do this, we need multiple things: Basic knowledge about HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and PHP (No worry if you don't know them).

A webhost (SPAM.com)

A domain name (dot.tk)

A .txt file

Okay, it maybe seems like a LOT for you, and extremely hard – Well, it isn't!

We only are making a simple button in HTML & CSS, an alert-box in JS, and the log-system in PHP. :)

I'll explain every line, so don't worry!

We'll be making a simple web-page that gets the IP of the victim, and then saves it in a .txt file.

[img]http://i.minus.com/iv34s6Tj8BwY5.png[/img]

Okay, first we have to make the webpage, for this we need two languages, HTML and CSS. I assume you already know these, if not, I highly recommend learning them. :)

<http://codecademy.com> can help you a lot further.

We only need the basics though.

First we need an editor (program to code in, Mostly used for Mark-up (HTML), Stylesheet (CSS), and scripting languages (JavaScript)).

Notepad++ is a good free one, but if you don't have that one your normal Notepad is okay to.

Go here: <http://notepad-plus-plus.org/download/> - Recommended; Download & Install

Or, if you want to do it fast and now, use Winkey + R > "Notepad".

[img]http://i.minus.com/iwzGh4XiyelGR.png[/img]

Now, we're ready to go!

The basic HTML tags:

Code <!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title></title>

</head>

<body>

</body>

</html>So, let me explain all these things.

Every tag you open in the HTML language, must also be closed (most of the time).

<html> (open) </html> (close it "").

<!DOCTYPE html> - Our browsers must know we're using the latest HTML version (HTML5)

<head> - Here we place all our metadata and styling,...

<title> - The text you see in your browser bar (Hack Forums)

<body> - All the content (not necessary layout) is placed here

Peanuts isn't it? :)

Well, now let's go deeper in our HTML code, I'll use comments (<!-- TEXT -->) to show what I've added this time. Comments won't be displayed on the webpage because it's ignored by browsers.

Code <!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

[b]<!--[b] NEW! I've set a title here, this will be displayed in the browser tab-->

<title>Give a damn • Now!</title>

</head>

<body>

```
<!--NEW! I've added a division-->
<div>Give a damn</div>
</body>
</html>
```

Okay, So, I've added a browser tab title, and a division.
Let me explain that division.
A division means in HTML... Nothing!
You don't say anything with it.

But for what is it used then?

Just to wrap text together, or wrap other elements in your text together, or to only 'select' a specific area on/in your page/code.

If you save it now as index.php (nothing else! It MUST be index.php (mention the .php extension), and open it with your browser you will see the title in your browser tab + The text "Give a damn!".
Not much, isn't it?

It looks, so boring... Let's style it!

For styling we use the language CSS (Cascading StyleSheet), cascading because the structure of such a code, and StyleSheet because it's to... Style. :D

```
Code <!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Give a damn • Now!</title>
[b]<!--[b] NEW! I've added <style>-->
<style>
```

```
</style>
</head>
<body>
<!--NEW! I've added an ID in this division-->
<div id="button">Give a damn</div>
</body>
</html>
```

I again added two things.

Style, and an id.

In the <style> tags we are going to place our CSS codes.

Let me now explain what an ID is;

If you give an element in HTML an ID by adding id="anything" to it, you say that only that one element, no other, only that one must listen to what the CSS says.

That means that if CSS says: "EVERYTHING RED, NOW!" But id=anything says: "Please, become blue" The element including id=anything will turn blue.

In short: You can edit only one element with it. :P

If you want to give an element an id in HTML, you add id="text" to it, where text can be anything.

Example:

Code <p id="turnBlue"></p> - Paragraph has an ID called "turnBlue"

<div id="main"></div> - This division has an ID called "main", probably it's the biggest div of all

 - This font has an ID called "specialFontFamily", probably the coder added a special font-family (Arial, Courier,...) to it.

But we may set as many unique IDs as we want, if there is no CSS, those IDs have no clue what to

do! And we don't want to confuse our IDs, do we?

So we add it in our CSS, I pick out a piece of our long code, so it's easier to explain etc.

We've got a division with ID "button", in CSS we declare we're picking out an ID from our HTML using the #-symbol.

That'd give:

Code [b]<!--[/b] Remember our Style where we place all our CSS?-->

```
<style>
```

```
#button {
```

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

Let's say, we want to give it a yellow colour, with black coloured text which is in font-family Courier.

That'd give:

Code [b]<!--[/b] Remember our Style where we place all our CSS?-->

```
<style>
```

```
#button {
```

```
background-color: #FFFF00;
```

```
width: 25%;
```

```
height: 15%;
```

```
font-family: Courier;
```

```
font-size: 250%;
```

```
text-align: Center;
```

```
position: absolute; top: 40%; left: 40%;
```

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

Let me explain everything about it!

- First we of course say we're using an ID called "button" > #button, everything we style for that ID do we place in {} brackets.

- Background-color ~ Declare we want to set a specific background-color for our ID (division).

- With # ~ we don't only declare IDs, but also that we're using HTML-colour-codes to say what colour to use, #FFFF00 gives yellow (you don't have to learn those from outside >><http://html-color-codes.info><< well, you may learn those from outside, but eh...)

- Width and height ~ to set a specific width and height of our division.

- Font-family ~ to say we want to use a specific font family

- Font-size ~ To set a specific font size (250% = 2.5 times bigger as default [mostly 16px])

- text-align: Center ~ We want all our text in our div(ision) with id "button" is in the center (you can also place left and right)

- Position ~ We set our division box 40% away from the top, and 40% away from the left, so it's perfectly in the middle of our browser screen.

So, now we've got a button, but on a white background? That doesn't look professional!

Let's make it blue!

We do that with the body element, the body (<body>) element goes over our whole webpage.

We do it like this:

Code <style>

```
/*NEW! We added the body to change (CSS has special comments [/*Comment Text*/])*/
```

```
body {
```

```
background-color: #0000FF;
```

```
}
```

```
#button {
```

```
background-color: #FFFF00;
width: 25%;
height: 15%;
font-family: Courier;
font-size: 250%;
text-align: Center;
position: absolute; top: 40%; left: 40%;
}
</style>
```

Because body isn't an ID, nor a class (.myClassName - Able to give to multiple elements) we use body directly in our CSS without a special icon.

And we make it blue (#FFFF00).

Let's place our style back in our HTML code.

No we've got a nice button! :)

It doesn't look much, but it isn't needed. The IP gets logged directly after a person visits it, we just style our webpage so it doesn't look suspicious. ;)

So, our full HTML & CSS code would be:

Spoiler ([Click to View](#))

Code <!DOCTYPE html>

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Give a damn • Now!</title>
<style>
body {
background-color: #0000FF;
}
#button {
background-color: #FFFF00;
width: 25%;
height: 15%;
font-family: Courier;
font-size: 250%;
text-align: Center;
position: absolute; top: 40%; left: 40%;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div id="button">Give a damn</div>
</body>
</html>
```

[img]http://i.minus.com/i9D8mWTpeXpa8.png[/img]

Now, let's move on to our next language called JavaScript, JavaScript is an extremely powerful scripting (just say programming) language on the web, and also exists as long as the web does. We won't be using it that much now, but okay.

We're going to make a pop-up box, we do that with the alert() function, it looks like this:

```
alert("This Text will be displayed");
```

And Quote: This Text will be displayed

will pop-up.

Well, Let's go!

To code in JavaScript, we have to include <script> tags.

```
<script>
//JS here
</script>
```

So, our code will look like this:

```
Code <!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Give a damn • Now!</title>
<style>
body {
background-color:#0000FF;
}
#button {
background-color: #FFFF00;
width: 25%;
height: 15%;
font-family: Courier;
font-size: 250%;
text-align: Center;
position:absolute; top:40%; left:40%;
}
</style>
<script>
alert("Thanks for giving a Damn!!!!!!");
</script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="button">Give a damn</div>
</body>
</html>
No click on that give-a-damn button!
```

...

Yeah, it doesn't work.

We have to make it work by Clicking On the button, let's use onClick for that in our HTML!

To use onClick we need two things:A JS-function

A HTML element

We've already got a HTML element (our DIV), but no JS-function.

I won't go to deep on this because you can write a whole book about functions.

Anyway, we use functions to say a piece of code to return something, that piece of code do we place between {} brackets while we defined our function.

Example:

```
Code <script>
function myFunctionName() {
```

```
//Piece of code to do something...
```

```
}
```

```
</script>
```

Now, we can trigger that function using onClick in our div. Like this:

Code `<div id="button" onClick="myFunctionName()"></div>`

So, your full code would be:

Spoiler ([Click to View](#))

Code `<!DOCTYPE html>`

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Give a damn • Now!</title>
```

```
<style>
```

```
body {
```

```
background-color:#0000FF;
```

```
}
```

```
#button {
```

```
background-color: #FFFF00;
```

```
width: 25%;
```

```
height: 15%;
```

```
font-family: Courier;
```

```
font-size: 250%;
```

```
text-align: Center;
```

```
position:absolute; top:40%; left:40%;
```

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

```
<script>
```

```
function thx() {
```

```
alert("Thanks for giving a Damn!");
```

```
}
```

```
</script>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<div id="button" onClick="thx()">Give a damn</div>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Let's move on! :)

[img]http://i.minus.com/inOEO26SZMGrL.png[/img]

Now, we've got our HTML, CSS, and JS done!

Now we have to program our PHP.

PHP stands for Hypertext PreProcessor and is a server-side language, that means we can't test it while coding offline (except if you got an APACHE server downloaded). :)

But as soon as we upload it, you can.

Okay, the code we will be using is this one:

Code `<?php`

```
$ip = $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";
```

```
$logFile = 'logs.txt';
```

```
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
```

```
fwrite($fO, $ip);
```

```
fclose($fO);
```

?>You can place it anywhere, I recommend beneath the <HTML> tags. :)
The <script> for JS and the <style> for CSS is <?php ?> for PHP.

In PHP we declare variables using the \$-symbol, we keep using that symbol if we want to use our variable for something.

So, I've got a variable called IP with this as value:

Code //Just to get IP

`$_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']` That is to get the IP, "\r\n" so the IPs get listened beneath each other and not side-by-side. :)

- \$logFile is our variable which says what .txt file we're going to use.

Make a .txt file called: logs.txt and just type: "--IP-addresses:--" [Press Enter]X2 in it.

- \$fo variable together with the fopen function to open the file (fopen), we open the file logs.txt the 'a' means that we only allow to write something in the file, but nothing else!

Not reading, not editing, only writing. :)

- And then the most important, the fwrite function, we write the value of \$ip and \$ date in logs.txt with the permission 'a'.

- And as last we close it (fclose).

Not that hard, is it? :)

So, our full, full, code will be:

Spoiler ([Click to View](#))

Code <!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Give a Damn - Now!</title>

<style>

body {

background-color:#0000FF;

}

#button {

background-color:#FFFF00;

width:25%;

height:15%;

position:absolute; top:40%; left:40%;

font-family:Courier;

font-size:250%;

text-align:Center;

}

</style>

<script>

function thx() {

alert("Thanks for giving a damn!");

}

</script>

</head>

<body>

<div id="button" onClick="thx()">Give a Damn!</div>

```

</body>
</html>
<?php
$ip = $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";
$logFile = 'logs.txt';
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
fwrite($fO, $ip);
fclose($fO);
?>

```

Now, our site is ready.
But, we need to put it online!

And we don't want to spend a penny of course.
What we need is a free webhost, and a free domain name.
The webhost will make sure our site is online, they're the server.
The domain name will translate that complex ip-address in to a domain name (www.example.com).

We will be using www.SPAM.com as webhost, and www.dot.tk as domain name system (DNS).
I'll be also making a video explaining this.

First, register at dot.tk, leave that tab open and browse to SPAM.com.
Now, you register at SPAM.

When that's ready (and you waited a long time) you can got your 'CPanel', there on the top-left you should see 'Account details'.

[img]http://i.minus.com/iMXTFYqoYBCeU.png[/img]

The first 4 tables include the info you need, it are our Nameserves, that is what we will be linking to our Domain Name Service (Dot.tk).

[img]http://i.minus.com/iWTQ1pFwxuKn0.png[/img]

When you're on the dot.tk page of registering your Domain (you can also edit it afterwards) you should see these boxes:

[img]http://i.minus.com/i9etq9CB6iNhh.png[/img]

Just type the nameserver details over (Keep the order like you see at SPAM).

You can choose how long you want that domain, and save it! :)

After that, our site# should be online in 48 hours or less! ;)

So, the site is online, but our files yet aren't!
You should have two files now:index.php (including the code for our webpage)

logs.txt (inlcuding the text: '--IP-addresses--')

We will both upload them.

Go to 'File Manager' on your CPanel of SPAM. Log-in there, after that you need to browse to public_html. It's a folder.

Now, you just click 'upload' and select the files you want to upload (logs.txt and index.php). Accept
> Accept (Green check-icon).

If you visit your site now you should get refered to your index.php site! :)

Now, you can check the content of logs.txt through your FTP-server (click view, open)!

And the IP-address of everyone who visits it.

You can use url-shorteners (bitf.ly) to 'spooF' the URL so it looks more legit. ;)
(I'll post videos about this part soon if you want).

[img]http://i.minus.com/iPaZm1OAre9PG.png[/img]

Now, let's analyse what we've done.

First we created a webpage in HTML, CSS, JavaScript and PHP.

Full code (Bit customized by me):

Spoiler ([Click to View](#))

Code <!DOCTYPE html>

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<?php
```

```
$ip = $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";
```

```
$logFile = 'logs.txt';
```

```
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
```

```
fwrite($fO, $ip);
```

```
fclose($fO);
```

```
?>
```

```
<title>Give a Damn - Now!</title>
```

```
<style>
```

```
body {
```

```
background-color:#0000FF;
```

```
}
```

```
#button {
```

```
background-color:#FFFF00;
```

```
width:25%;
```

```
height:15%;
```

```
position:absolute; top:40%; left:40%;
```

```
font-family:Courier;
```

```
font-size:250%;
```

```
text-align:Center;
```

```
/*Added a border*/
```

```
border: solid 1px;
```

```
border-color: #FF6600;
```

```
} #button:hover {
```

```
/*Hover effect, change style if user goes over this with his mouse.*/
```

```
background-color:#00FF00;
```

```
}
```

```
</style>
```

```
<script>
```

```
function thx() {
```

```
alert("Thanks for giving a damn!");
```

```
}
```

```
</script>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<div id="button" onClick="thx()">Give a Damn!<br>-Thanks-</div>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Like you see, not a beast website.

Of course we could make a nice style 100% responsive scroll-style website, if we hadn't a 18.000

character limit. :)

Also, it isn't needed, the IP gets logged as soon the user visits the webpage.

After that, we uploaded the website to SPAM, and linked it to our Dot.tk DNS (100% free of course).

Done! :)

[img]http://i.minus.com/ibqYZGh5mleMxd.png[/img]

Well, you can also short the URL with bit.ly [WARNING: potentially infected]/dot.tk/goog.gl... so it looks again less suspicious.

You just send the URL to any person you want the IP of, if he doesn't use Tor/VPN/Proxy/... You get the IP! :)

What can I do with an IP?

An IP is an unique number, that means that you can 'track' the unique device who uses that IP and their users.

<http://www.infosniper.net/> is an awesome site where you can get some info about the IP-address. (Location, ISP,...).

When you got all these info, you can start DOX'ing, DOX'ing (documenting) is getting a lot of info about a specific person, an IP is an important part of that.

Another thing is to take down that IP, you can DDoS (An attack where you overflow a server (/router)) that IP, if your attack is strong enough that IP can't connect to the internet for a while, that means that the persons who uses that IP also can't connect to the internet anymore! But this is not legal (of course). ;)

For DDoS'ing you need a booter/Botnet. :)

And best of all... Getting IP-addresses this way is 100% legal! It's done by millions of sites a day, maybe while you don't even know it! :D

Of course we could also just link a third-party tool to our webpage, but doesn't it feel better to 100% code it yourself?

Anyway.

Interesting URLs

<http://google.com>

<https://hackforums.net>

Hackforums - coding section

<http://html-color-codes.info>

<http://codecademy.com>

<http://SPAM.com>

<http://dot.tk>

<http://notepad-plus-plus.org/download>

<http://cyberghostvpn.net>

<http://torproject.org>

<https://hackforums.net/showthread.php?tid=4178212>

<http://bit.ly> [WARNING: potentially infected]

<http://goo.gl>

<http://piwik.org/>

<http://www.infosniper.net/>

Hope you enjoyed reading and found it a bit interesting.

I'm open for any questions and will (try to) answer them, my PM box is always open too. ;)

(Sorry for my bad spelling/grammar).

Thanks for reading,
Niely

DPR™ - July 4, 2014, 11:40 am

Very HQ post, as always! HQ Member keep it up. Really good job.

Talu - July 4, 2014, 11:44 am

Amazing tutorial, OP. This is very well detailed. Good job!

Badplum - July 4, 2014, 12:32 pm

Very helpful :) I might use this someday! :D

spoonface - July 4, 2014, 12:33 pm

Thanks for sharing this man!

Will try this.

koshka1 - July 4, 2014, 1:16 pm

Or instead of doing all that extra HTML

Message friend "Hey check out this webpage I made" and on your page

PHP Code

```
<?php
$ip = $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";
$logFile = 'logs.txt';
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
fwrite($fO, $ip);
fclose($fO);
header('differentsite.com');
die();
?>
```

No need for anything else

Niely - July 4, 2014, 2:23 pm

(Jul 4, 2014 01:16 PM)Snoopy Kitten Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Or instead of doing all that extra HTML

Message friend "Hey check out this webpage I made" and on your page

PHP Code

```
<?php
$ip = $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";
$logFile = 'logs.txt';
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
fwrite($fO, $ip);
fclose($fO);
header('differentsite.com');
die();
?>
```

No need for anything else

That's true.

But I also added those other languages to make it more 'entertaining'.

Also, a website with a 'purpose' looks more suspicious than one with a purpose. :)

I thought it'd also be interesting to make a webpage instead of just a few lines of PHP.

The Sly - July 4, 2014, 2:30 pm

Holy shit that post <3 Good job man! Gotta love it. Hopefully it'll help some people out.

Niely - July 4, 2014, 2:46 pm

Thanks for the nice reactions all! :3

Really appreciate it.

I'm open to answer any questions! :)

Niely - July 7, 2014, 2:46 am

(Jul 4, 2014 12:33 PM)spoonface Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Thanks for sharing this man!

Will try this.

Good to hear that! :)

Feel free to say if it worked. ;)

Th3PonyWizard - July 7, 2014, 7:19 am

Your ways of teaching the copy paste techniques are worth mentioning for.

Niely - July 7, 2014, 7:29 am

^I didn't copy pasted it? :)

I've wrote everything myself.

Th3PonyWizard - July 7, 2014, 7:32 am

(Jul 7, 2014 07:29 AM)Niely Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) ^I didn't copy pasted it? :)

I've wrote everything myself.Re-read my sentence. You're not copy pasting. You're teaching copy pasting.

Niely - July 7, 2014, 7:35 am

^Ohw sorry for misreading. :)

Yeah, and no...

Sure, there will be people who will copy/paste it, but that's their problem if they don't want to learn.

Normally, I explained every little line in that code, so people who really read that, and knew some HTML & CSS basics should really understand the code. :)

How would you suggest making a tutorial then including codes but avoid copy/pasting? :)

Th3PonyWizard - July 7, 2014, 7:41 am

(Jul 7, 2014 07:35 AM)Niely Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) ^Ohw sorry for misreading. :)

Yeah, and no...

Sure, there will be people who will copy/paste it, but that's their problem if they don't want to learn.

Normally, I explained every little line in that code, so people who really read that, and knew some

HTML & CSS basics should really understand the code. :)

How would you suggest making a tutorial then including codes but avoid copy/pasting? :) Not making a tutorial about this in this approach. Or, you can call this a Proof-Of-Concept instead of a tutorial as ultimately you explained an already-made tool, in English. Walkthrough of a bunch of scripts and the process of uploading them to a file hosting shouldn't be a tutorial.

In my mindset, a tutorial should: Innovate, Leave no doubt, and be Original. You've nailed the last two. Still a solid try though.

Niely - July 7, 2014, 8:31 am

I still think there are some people who didn't know how to do this. :)

Making 'tools' self is still better as going to skypesolver.com (or any of those) and typing in a name. :)

What doubts should there be? And how isn't this 'original'? :)

Never seen this before. :)

(Sorry if I again misreaded). ;)

PLEAD - July 7, 2014, 8:54 am

There are all ready so many of these, but good post :)

R?DSPY - July 7, 2014, 9:41 am

This is hella complex. You can just send them a web link that keeps their ip.

Good tut though.

Niely - July 7, 2014, 9:44 am

(Jul 7, 2014 09:41 AM)RedSpyGentlemen Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) This is hella complex. You can just send them a web link that keeps their ip.

Good tut though.

Thanks for the nice reaction(s). :)

Yeah, it indeed can be complex, but this is the way doing it yourself and don't use other made tools. :)

Max Noobo - July 7, 2014, 9:45 am

Or if they don't use a proxy or vpn

<http://#/>

:P

Niely - July 7, 2014, 9:48 am

^If you want to use tools other's already made for you, yeah. :)

I don't want to offend anyone,

But in general, people who use pre-made tools are called 'skids' (I do NOT say anyone here is that). ;)

Max Noobo - July 7, 2014, 10:34 am

(Jul 7, 2014 09:48 AM)Niely Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) ^If you want to use tools other's already made for you, yeah. :)

I don't want to offend anyone,

But in general, people who use pre-made tools are called 'skids' (I do NOT say anyone here is that).
;)I know, but I like to keep it easy.
So yes I am a skid

Th3PonyWizard - July 7, 2014, 10:52 am

(Jul 7, 2014 08:31 AM)Niely Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) I still think there are some people who didn't knew how to do this. :)

Making 'tools' self is still better as going to skyperesolver.com (or any of those) and typing in a name. :)

What doubts should there be? And how isn't this 'original'? :)
Never seen this before. :)

(Sorry if I again misreaded). ;)You did misread again. I said: You've nailed the last two. That means you've sucessfully wrote a rather Original (The idea isn't original, I've saw a lot of IP logging tutorials with the exact script), but the way you explained stuff was original. It also was clear, so it's fine. My issue was with the innovation. It doesn't really bring anything new to the table.

My idea: Do your own proper PHP code, have MySQL interference instead of writing stuff to a file.

Niely - July 7, 2014, 12:03 pm

^Ohw, thanks! :D

Well, I only know the very very basics of SQL (from union based SQLi).

I'm learning a bit more as the basics now.

But I'll keep it in my mind! ;)

(If I'm able to get my normal Windows back, I installed Linux Mint on USB but somehow it took over my whole HDD! Aura is helping me out).

Sadat - July 7, 2014, 12:06 pm

Great guide! I would like to try it, just for self experience :)

Niely - July 7, 2014, 3:14 pm

^Thanks for the nice reaction man! :)

Really appreciate it! :D

Feel free to ask any questions.

Meow - July 14, 2014, 3:40 pm

Hey man,just read this guide and I must say very good job and thanks for taking your time to write it and sharing it with people

?

Niely - July 20, 2014, 2:10 pm

^Thanks for the awesome feedback!

Yes, it indeed took a pretty long time to write it. :)

Sicarius - July 20, 2014, 2:28 pm

Nice tutorial buddy. Should help a fair few members in here :)

Hidden™ - July 20, 2014, 2:28 pm

Thank you for this, it has been bookmarked.

?DutchOps - July 20, 2014, 3:03 pm

Great tutorial!! Works awesome..! I just tested this on my site!

Dr Greenspoon - July 20, 2014, 3:09 pm

thanks for the sharing
i will try it now

Hastur - July 20, 2014, 3:28 pm

Thanks for The tutorial man. I read it all and i finally learned something today. This is a HQ post.
Thanks in advance!

Niely - July 21, 2014, 2:57 am

^Good to hear that! :D

(Jul 20, 2014 03:09 PM)Dr Greenspoon Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) thanks for the sharing
i will try it now

No problem! Feel free to say if it worked or if you get any problems. ;)

Capanye - July 21, 2014, 1:25 pm

The only problem is that it gets reported to google, and therefor you have to go through like "do you want to access site anyways?" ..

Niely - July 21, 2014, 1:33 pm

(Jul 21, 2014 01:25 PM)Capanye Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) The only problem is that it gets reported to google, and therefor you have to go through like "do you want to access site anyways?" ..

Google hasn't the right to block random websites. =)

It can only block sites from their own Search Engine but that's it.

Also, your site won't be indexed by Search Engines probably, it's supposed to get the IP of specific persons.

CobraCode - July 21, 2014, 2:23 pm

Err, that code is a bit off - here's a updated more efficient code:

PHP Code

```
<?php
$f = fopen('logs.txt', 'a');
fwrite($f, $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n");
fclose($f);
?>
```

Niely - July 21, 2014, 2:38 pm

(Jul 21, 2014 02:23 PM)CobraCode Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Err, that code is a bit off - here's a updated more efficient code:

PHP Code

```
<?php
$f = fopen('logs.txt', 'a');
fwrite($f, $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n");
fclose($f);
?>
```

My code works perfectly fine, works exactly the same and is even more logic. :)

The only thing you've done is letting out a few variables and setted their value directly...

That actually looks pretty messy. ;)

CobraCode - July 21, 2014, 2:45 pm

(Jul 21, 2014 02:38 PM)Niely Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) My code works perfectly fine, works exactly the same and is even more logic. :)

The only thing you've done is letting out a few variables and setted their value directly...

That actually looks pretty messy. ;)

Wat? I removed un-needed variables.. You don't need a variable for every single bit of data.

R^ptor - July 21, 2014, 3:26 pm

Amazing tutorial, it's not just making an IP grabbed but you did the extra mile by teaching people about HTML/CSS. Props OP

Niely - July 21, 2014, 3:30 pm

^Thanks for the reaction! :)

I first hesitated embedding the HTML part as well, but then I thought: "Why not?" ;-)

(Jul 21, 2014 02:45 PM)CobraCode Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Wat? I removed un-needed variables.. You don't need a variable for every single bit of data.

It makes it more overviewable + you can re-use them multiple times.

CobraCode - July 22, 2014, 4:20 am

(Jul 21, 2014 03:30 PM)Niely Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) ^Thanks for the reaction! :)

I first hesitated embedding the HTML part as well, but then I thought: "Why not?" ;-)

It makes it more overviewable + you can re-use them multiple times.

That's true, and it's easier for beginners to see what's going on.

Niely - July 22, 2014, 10:44 am

^Indeed! ;)

Your code will work as well, but mine is just easier to edit, understand, use and better for beginners. :)

Valgamer - July 25, 2014, 2:59 pm

Thanks for your TuT, it's a really greatful tutorial, I really love your work, even it's for beginners, I'm one of them... ;)

Niely - July 25, 2014, 3:01 pm

^Glad to hear that! :)

Feel free to ask any questions if you have some. ;)

Niely - October 24, 2014, 11:10 am

(Jul 20, 2014 03:03 PM)?DutchOps Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Great tuturia!!! Works awesome..! I just tested this on my site!

Glad it worked for you to! :)

Good luck with it.

Demonian - October 29, 2014, 7:05 am

ouch I have a lot to learn thanks for TUT

Niely - October 29, 2014, 7:21 am

^No problem! :)

If you've got any question, feel free to ask.

Brado - October 29, 2014, 8:29 am

Nice post buddy.. keep this HQ work up!

Kraith - October 29, 2014, 8:31 am

Thanks for these tutorials Niely. You're awesome.

Niely - October 29, 2014, 3:24 pm

^Thanks a lot!

(Oct 29, 2014 08:29 AM)Black Label™ Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Nice post buddy.. keep this HQ work up!
Thanks for the nice reaction mate! :)

dedSec__ - November 2, 2014, 12:25 pm

Hey great tutorial, just having an issue with the website. Verizon is saying it's not up? Maybe i messed up somewhere on SPAM?

Niely - November 2, 2014, 12:40 pm

^Hi there! :)

Thanks for your reaction.

Could you PM/post the website you've setted-up?
It could be possible you've messed it up on Dot.tk/SPAM.

D4T4B4S3 - November 2, 2014, 1:21 pm

Detailed and HQ post bro. Thanks alot ?

0x3xploit - November 2, 2014, 3:35 pm

Very nice high quality post, keep up the work!

Niely - November 2, 2014, 10:40 pm

Thanks for the nice reactions.

If someone still has trouble setting this up/coding it, I'm always willing to help!

Anonymousss - November 3, 2014, 10:11 am

Hey man,

Hoe ziet dat log bestand er dan precies uit? Ik heb nu

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Kerems pagina • Now!</title>
```

```
<style>
```

```
body {
```

```
background-color #0000FF;
```

```
}
```

```
#button {background-color: #FFFF00;
```

```
width: 25%;
```

```
height: 15%;
```

```
font-family: Courier;
```

```
font-size: 250%;  
text-align: Center;  
position: absolute; top: 40%; left: 40%;  
}
```

```
</style>  
<script>  
alert("Thanks for visiting kerems page!!");  
</script>  
</head>  
<body>  
<div id="button" onClick="thx()"> Kerems pagina</div>  
</body>  
</html>  
<?php  
$ip = $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";  
$logFile = 'logs.txt';  
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');  
fwrite($fO, $ip);  
fclose($fO);  
?>
```

in notepad++ alleen snap ik het gedeelte van de logs.txt niet. wat vul ik hier in en in welke map moet ik het uploaden op mijn site, bij Cpanel?

Nice tut en alvast bedankt.

CRclaner - November 3, 2014, 12:04 pm

There are quite a few tuts on this, you can search it.

But I'm really interested why you would need IPs? I know the possible reasons, I'm just interested in yours, if it's not a secret..

If you need random IPs, you'll have much more success with SQLi.

Niely - November 3, 2014, 12:30 pm

(Nov 3, 2014 01:04 PM)CRclaner Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) There are quite a few tuts on this, you can search it.

But I'm really interested why you would need IPs? I know the possible reasons, I'm just interested in yours, if it's not a secret..

If you need random IPs, you'll have much more success with SQLi.

I personally don't have a reason to have IPs (at this time).

But I saw lot of other people wanted to log other's IP, there wasn't a tutorial which used this way; so I made it. :)

The tutorial itself covers "What to do with IPs" & "Why to log IPs",...

(Nov 3, 2014 11:11 AM)Anonymoussss Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Hey man,

Hoe ziet dat log bestand er dan precies uit? Ik heb nu

Code <!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Kerems pagina • Now!</title>

```

<style>
body {
background-color #0000FF;
}
#button {background-color: #FFFF00;
width: 25%;
height: 15%;
font-family: Courier;
font-size: 250%;
text-align: Center;
position:absolute; top:40%; left:40%;
}

</style>
<script>
alert("Thanks for visiting kerems page!!");
</script>
</head>
<body>
<div id="button" onClick="thx()"> Kerems pagina</div>
</body>
</html>
<?php
$ip = $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";
$logFile = 'logs.txt';
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
fwrite($fO, $ip);
fclose($fO);
?>

```

in notepad++ alleen snap ik het gedeelte van de logs.txt niet. wat vul ik hier in en in welke map moet ik het uploaden op mijn site, bij Cpanel?

Nice tut en alvast bedankt.

1) How does the log-file looks?

Empty, you must put nothing in the text-file (logs.txt).

Logs.txt is just an empty file.

2) Next steps?

You've got a nice code there, the only thing you have to do is to save it as index.php (nothing else, mention php-extension).

3) In what folder do I have to upload this?

On your Cpanel there should be an option called 'FTP-manager'/'FTP-server'/Something with FTP. Click that > Log-in.

You just have to upload your made index.php in the folder public_html.

When you've uploaded index.php, add a text file called logs.txt. That text-file should just be empty. You can add text, that won't hurt.. But it isn't necessary. :)

thenewbit - November 9, 2014, 10:59 am

Very helpful :) I might use this someday! :D

Very helpful :) I might use this someday!

Niely - November 9, 2014, 11:51 am

^Thanks for the nice reaction mate! :)
Feel free to say if it worked then.

Major League - November 9, 2014, 1:33 pm

Thanks for the straight forward tutorial. Time to implement this with e-whoring ;)

Niely - November 10, 2014, 4:23 am

^Good luck with that! :)
Feel free to tell if it worked.

eoNe - November 10, 2014, 6:27 am

Thank you for this tutorial man looks good .

????!!?! - November 10, 2014, 6:47 am

Thanks for this. Helped a noob like me. Bookmarked and hoping to learn and execute with this.

Niely - November 11, 2014, 7:18 am

Thanks a lot for the nice reactions! :)

And Parallel, if you've got any questions in your learning-process, feel free to ask.

Keith Ape - November 11, 2014, 11:55 am

You did it again, Niely!
Awesome, like always.
:)

Niely - March 29, 2015, 10:45 am

^Thanks for the nice reaction mate! :D

The Sly - March 29, 2015, 1:29 pm

Them bu mps be everywhere LOL.

Still one of the HQ threads in this section though. You should make more!

Niely - March 30, 2015, 4:43 am

(Mar 29, 2015 01:29 PM)Fitch° Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Them bu mps be everywhere LOL.

Still one of the HQ threads in this section though. You should make more!
Thanks mate! :)
Yeah, I'm first finishing a few of my own projects.

knkagr - March 30, 2015, 5:57 am

Very HQ post indeed! This is sure gonna help the new guys out there :)

What if I wanna log time and date next to the ip?

Regards

Synetix

Niely - March 30, 2015, 7:22 am

(Mar 30, 2015 05:57 AM)knkagr Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Very HQ post indeed! This is sure gonna help the new guys out there :)

What if I wanna log time and date next to the ip?

Regards

Synetix

Thanks a lot mate!

Add this to your variables:

Code \$date = getdate();

And then also print \$date into the log, next to \$ip. :)

Luciferum - March 30, 2015, 2:44 pm

This will really help, thanks for the post.

Niely - March 30, 2015, 10:05 pm

(Mar 30, 2015 02:44 PM)LulzLegion Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) This will really help, thanks for the post.

No problem mate!

Glad it will help you out. :)

Edgi - April 3, 2015, 10:59 am

i need something that can do it for me and mke it not obvious

Niely - April 4, 2015, 3:53 am

(Apr 3, 2015 10:59 AM)Edgi Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) i need something that can do it for me and mke it not obvious

You could easily do that by making the html&css look like another website. :)

You for example can copy/paste Google.com, and then edit the PHP code.

vaterandry07 - April 10, 2015, 2:46 am

It will be a very useful post for somedays!

Niely - April 10, 2015, 3:25 am

(Apr 10, 2015 02:46 AM)vaterandry07 Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) It will be a very useful post for somedays!

Thanks mate! :)

I hope it is, that's why I made it. ;)

k1tone - April 13, 2015, 1:29 am

Very good, Thanks for sharing this is a awesome tutorial!

Niely - April 13, 2015, 1:29 am

^No problem! Thanks a lot for the nice reaction mate. :)

xXxTheArtistxXx1 - April 13, 2015, 2:59 am

AMAZING Tutorial and great share on the forum

Niely - April 13, 2015, 4:39 am

(Apr 13, 2015 02:59 AM)xXxTheArtistxXx1 Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) AMAZING Tutorial and great share on the forum

Thanks a lot mate! I appreciate your reaction. :)

slober - April 13, 2015, 6:09 am

Nice tutorial I really hopes it helps some people out ?

Enhanced the javascript a bit get java version JQuery ^-^

```
Code <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.11.2/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="http://java.com/js/deployJava.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
$(document).ready(function() {
var javavers = deployJava.getJREs();

    $('#content').click(function(e) {
$.post( "ip123.php", { javavers : javavers}, function() {
    alert( "success" );
})
    });
});
</script>
updated php
PHP Code
<?php
```

```
$date=date('m/d/Y h:i:s a', time());
$hostname = gethostbyaddr($_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']);

$ip0 = "-----START-----\r\n";
$ip1 = "IP: ".$_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']."\r\n";
$ip2 = "HOSTNAME: ".$hostname."\r\n";
$ip3 = "REFFER: ".$_SERVER['HTTP_REFERER']."\r\n";
$ip4 = "USER AGENT: ".$_SERVER['HTTP_USER_AGENT']."\r\n";
$ip5 = "TIME: ".$date."\r\n";
$ip6 = "JAVA VERSION:".implode(", ", $_POST["javavers"])."\r\n";
$ip7 = "PORT: ".$_SERVER['REMOTE_PORT']."\r\n";
$ip9 = "-----END-----\r\n";

$ip= $ip0 . $ip1 . $ip2 . $ip3 . $ip4 . $ip5 . $ip6 . $ip7 . $ip8 . $ip9 ;

$logFile = 'logs.txt';
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
fwrite($fO, $ip);
fclose($fO);
?>
```

Niely - April 13, 2015, 6:12 am

(Apr 13, 2015 06:09 AM)slober Wrote: [CITE](#) Nice tutorial I really hopes it helps some people out ?

Enhanced the javascript a bit get java version JQuery ^-^

```
Code <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.11.2/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="http://java.com/js/deployJava.js"></script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
$(document).ready(function() {
var javavers = deployJava.getJREs();
```

```
$('#content').click(function(e) {
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$ip7 = "PORT: ".$_SERVER['REMOTE_PORT']."\r\n";
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$ip= $ip0 . $ip1 . $ip2 . $ip3 . $ip4 . $ip5 . $ip6 . $ip7 . $ip8 . $ip9 ;

$logFile = 'logs.txt';
$fO = fopen('logs.txt' , 'a');
fwrite($fO, $ip);
fclose($fO);
?>
Thanks for the nice reaction mate! :)
```

xawesome566 - March 15, 2016, 6:21 pm

Great post! Thanks for sharing

Sh4rk Seny - March 15, 2016, 6:57 pm

Wow, this is just a lot but thanks for sharing its amazing!

SnowQueen - March 17, 2016, 6:03 pm

Thank you Mr Niely, that was a Great piece of work. This is my first visit to this site, so far I have read two of your article's and found them to be most enlightening. However for some reason I am unable to view the images ?

Niely - May 29, 2016, 2:18 pm

(Mar 17, 2016 06:03 PM)SnowQueen Wrote: [CITE](#) Thank you Mr Niely, that was a Great piece of work. This is my first visit to this site, so far I have read two of your article's and found them to be most enlightening. However for some reason I am unable to view the images ?

Some of the image links are broken because they're outdated.

ezakiel - February 28, 2017, 7:38 am

Awesome tutorial. Thank you very much for sharing this with us!

MultiThreaded - April 8, 2017, 5:42 am

cut sorry wrong thread. my bad didn't mean to post on this thread.

Mild1738 - April 9, 2017, 3:13 am

Nice but a simple way for new people just goto grabify and make u a link and there u go you can also set it to a screamer link so u can play it off as a screamer and not just a error :)