

Forum:[Hack Forums](#)

Thread: [Regex int from 01 to 99?](#)

Dr1ps - November 1, 2015, 12:30 pm

Not really familiar with regex.

I need to get the numbers from 01 to 99. Any ideas? Thanks.

Who Soup - November 1, 2015, 12:33 pm

(Nov 1, 2015 01:30 PM)Dr1ps Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Not really familiar with regex.

I need to get the numbers from 01 to 99. Any ideas? Thanks.

what do you mean "get the numbers"

why not just do a simple loop

```
dim los as new list of string
for i as integer = 1 to 99 step 1
console.writeline(i)
los.add(i)
next
```

end

Dr1ps - November 1, 2015, 12:39 pm

(Nov 1, 2015 01:33 PM)Who Soup Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) what do you mean "get the numbers"

why not just do a simple loop

```
dim los as new list of string
for i as integer = 1 to 99 step 1
console.writeline(i)
los.add(i)
next
```

end

How do you know what language I'm writing this in lol.

I just need the regex to allow from the said numbers.

+Haze - November 1, 2015, 12:43 pm

(Nov 1, 2015 01:33 PM)Who Soup Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) what do you mean "get the numbers"

why not just do a simple loop

```
dim los as new list of string
for i as integer = 1 to 99 step 1
console.writeline(i)
los.add(i)
next
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end

How can you suggest a solution when you don't even know the context of ops question?

EmptyRedData - November 1, 2015, 12:44 pm

Just googling your exact question "regex 01 to 99", I got several good answers, mostly from stack overflow.

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/11218985/mvc-regex-to-validate-numbers-as-00-99>

Also, checking the regular expression website for numeric ranges:

<http://www.regular-expressions.info/numericranges.html>

+Haze - November 1, 2015, 12:44 pm

@Drips, show me what you're trying to match specially. For Regex, numbers is usually, \d or [0-9], then you'd need quantifiers.

So, \d+ would match one or more digits. \d{1,2} would match any one or two digit number etc. Like I said its better if you show us the pattern you're trying to match or what you're trying to accomplish all together.

Dr1ps - November 1, 2015, 12:47 pm

(Nov 1, 2015 01:44 PM)+Haze Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) @Drips, show me what you're trying to match specially. For Regex, numbers is usually, \d or [0-9], then you'd need quantifiers.

So, \d+ would match one or more digits. \d{1,2} would match any one or two digit number etc. Like I said its better if you show us the pattern you're trying to match or what you're trying to accomplish all together.

It's pretty simple actually, a couple examples:

(09)

(21)

Including the parenthesis but I assume I can just add it on the outside and include the regex inside.

+Haze - November 1, 2015, 12:48 pm

In that case

`\(\d{1,2}\)`

would work just fine.

Dr1ps - November 1, 2015, 12:51 pm

(Nov 1, 2015 01:48 PM)+Haze Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) In that case

`\(\d{1,2}\)`

would work just fine.

To understand this, d is for integer like in C?

Also, what are the brackets for exactly?

+Haze - November 1, 2015, 12:53 pm

Here you go.

<http://www.codeproject.com/Articles/9099/The-Minute-Regex-Tutorial>

Dr1ps - November 1, 2015, 12:55 pm

(Nov 1, 2015 01:53 PM)+Haze Wrote: [\[CITE\]](#) Here you go.

<http://www.codeproject.com/Articles/9099/The-Minute-Regex-Tutorial>

Will have a look, thanks